

ST. JEAN DE BREBEUF
MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER 9.3

SURFACE AREA and VOLUME

of CYLINDERS



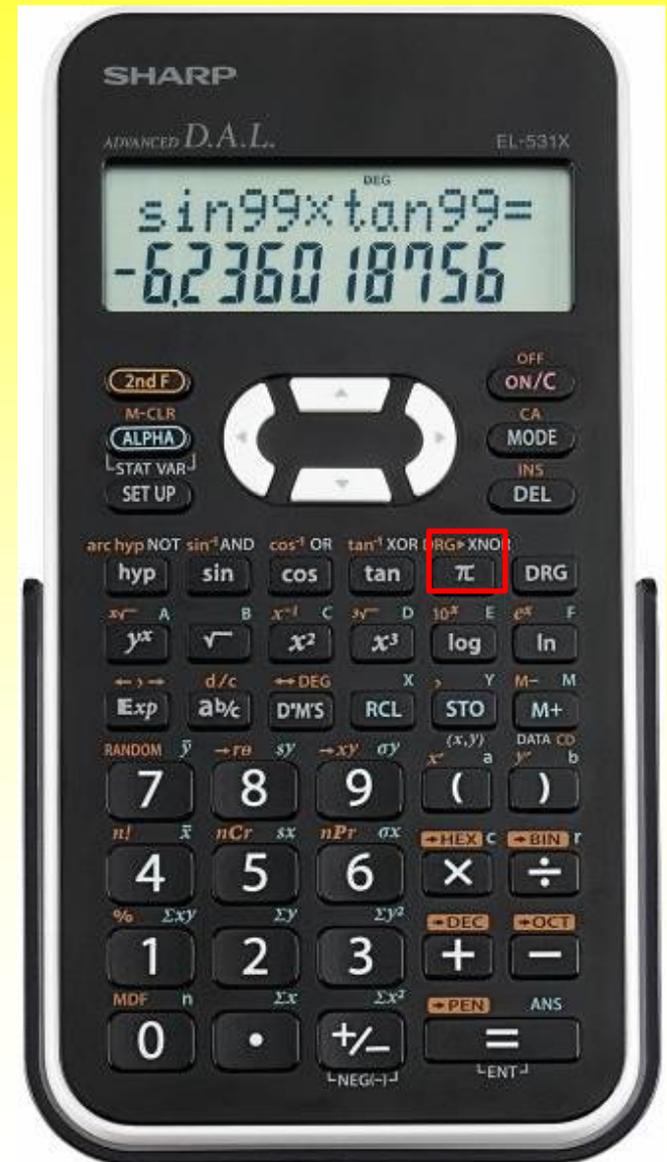
CHAPTER 9.3 SURFACE AREA and VOLUME of CYLINDERS

USING YOUR CALCULATOR

“Pi” key

→ Use this key instead of using “3.14”

→ Uses *all* of the decimal places for “Pi” and gives you a more accurate answer



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SURFACE AREA and VOLUME of CYLINDERS

KEY CONCEPTS

SURFACE AREA

The surface area of a cylinder is the **sum of the areas of the two circular ends** and the **curved side**.

Measured in **square units** (ie. cm^2)

FORMULA:

$$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

VOLUME

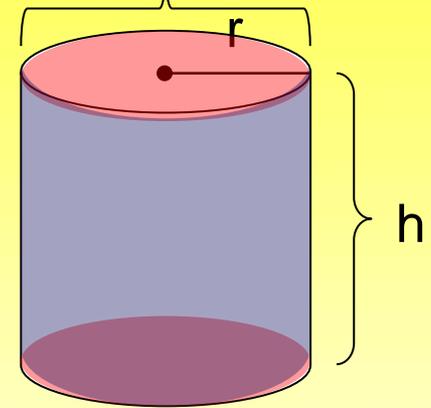
The volume of a cylinder is the area of the circular base times the height of the cylinder.

Measured in **cubic units** (ie. cm^3)

FORMULA:

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Diameter
= $2 \times$ Radius



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EXAMPLE 1 Surface Area and Volume of a Can

(a) Calculate the **surface area** of the can

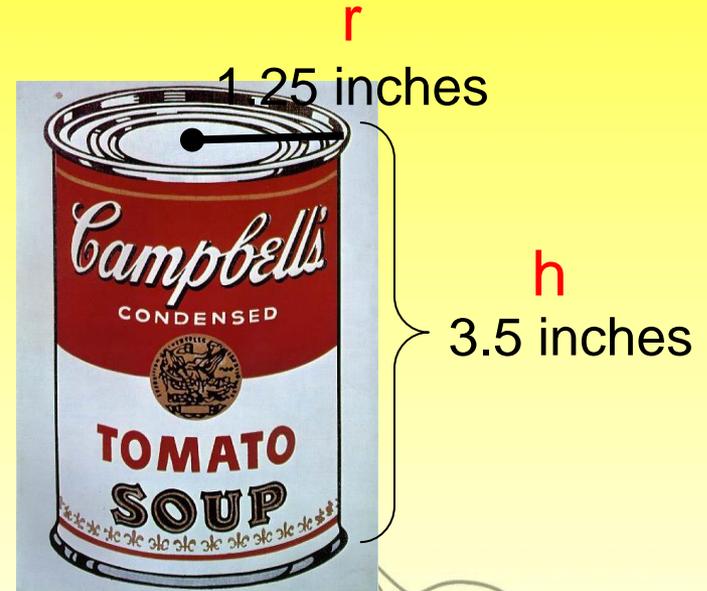
$$\begin{aligned}SA &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh \\ &= 2\pi(1.25)^2 + 2\pi(1.25)(3.5) \\ &= 37.30in^2\end{aligned}$$

The surface area of the can is **37.30 square inches**

(b) Calculate the **volume** of the can

$$\begin{aligned}V &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi(1.25)^2(3.5) \\ &= 17.2in^3\end{aligned}$$

The volume of the can is **17.2 cubic inches**



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EXAMPLE 2

Calculate the *surface area* and *volume* of a cylinder with a **diameter of 36 inches** and height of **24 inches**.

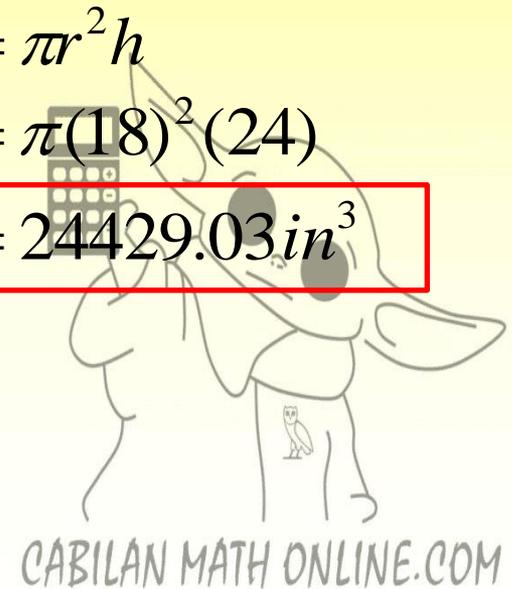
$$\begin{aligned}\text{Radius (r)} &= \text{diameter} \div 2 \\ &= 36 \div 2 \\ &= 18 \text{ in}\end{aligned}$$

SURFACE AREA

$$\begin{aligned}SA &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h \\ &= 2\pi(18)^2 + 2\pi(18)(24) \\ &= 4750.09 \text{ in}^2\end{aligned}$$

VOLUME

$$\begin{aligned}V &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi(18)^2(24) \\ &= 24429.03 \text{ in}^3\end{aligned}$$



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EXAMPLE 3 A Cylinder Inside a Cylinder

The padding around the support posts of a mesh enclosure for a trampoline is in the shape of a cylinder that has been hollowed out by removing a smaller cylinder.

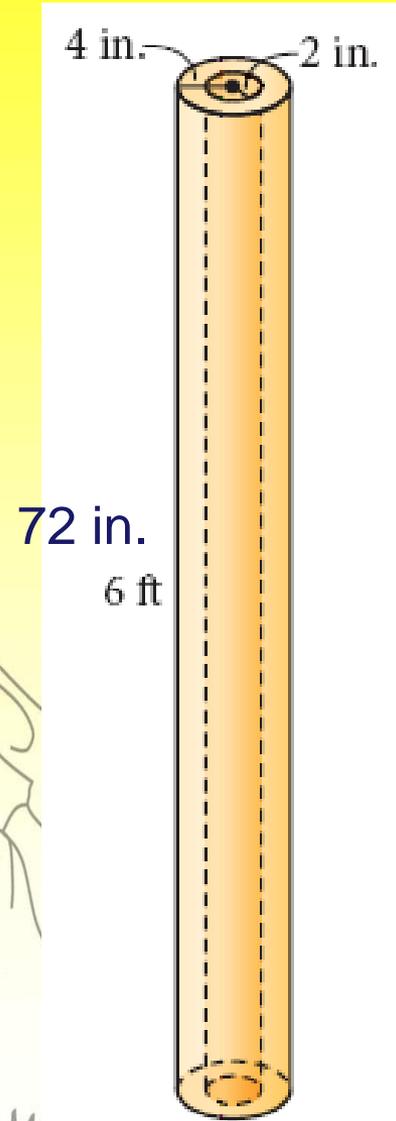
Convert to **inches**

→ Multiply by **12**

The height of the padding is **6 ft.**
 $= 6 \times 12$
 $= 72 \text{ in.}$

Each piece has an outer radius of **4 in.** and an inner radius of **2 in.**

Find the volume of one piece of foam padding in **cubic inches (in³).**



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EXAMPLE 3 A Cylinder Inside a Cylinder

Find the volume of one piece of foam padding in **cubic inches (in³)**.

Step 1: Calculate the volume of the *outer* cylinder

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi(4)^2(72) \\ &= 3619.11 \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

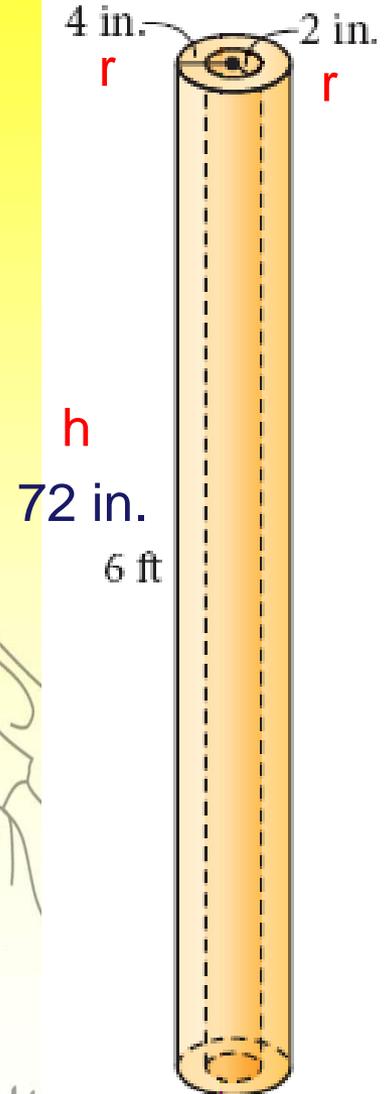
Step 2: Calculate the volume of the *inner* cylinder

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi(2)^2(72) \\ &= 904.78 \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

Step 3: Subtract the *inner* volume from the *outer* volume

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total volume} &= 3619.11 - 904.78 \\ &= 2714.33 \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

The volume of the foam padding is **2713.33 cubic inches**.



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EXAMPLE 4 Solving for Specific Dimensions

A company that manufactures fruit juice needs to make a new cylindrical container that can hold a **volume of 4000 m³** of fruit juice.



If the tank has a **height of 25 metres**,

(a) What **radius** will the container have?

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$4000 = \pi r^2 (25)$$

* Multiply

$$\frac{4000}{25\pi} = \frac{25\pi r^2}{25\pi}$$

$$50.9296 = r^2$$

$$\sqrt{50.9296} = \sqrt{r^2}$$

$$7.1 = r$$

$$7.1m = r$$

The *radius* of the container is **7.1 metres**.

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EXAMPLE 4 Solving for Specific Dimensions

A company that manufactures fruit juice needs to make a new cylindrical container that can hold a volume of **4000** m^3 of fruit juice.



If the tank has a height of **25 metres**,

(b) What **diameter** will the container have?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Diameter} &= \text{Radius} \times 2 \\ &= 7.1 \times 2 \\ &= \mathbf{14.2 \text{ m}} \end{aligned}$$

The *diameter* of the container is **14.2 metres**.

$$7.1\text{m} = r$$

The *radius* of the container is **7.1 metres**.

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Homework:

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#1ac, 2ac, 3ac, 5 – 8

